



**BID-REX**

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# The Biodiversity Audit Approach: Evidence-based conservation management of N2K

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Weds 14 June 2017



# Mimicking 'traditional' management of semi-natural habitats



'Habitats' are accidents of past landuse...

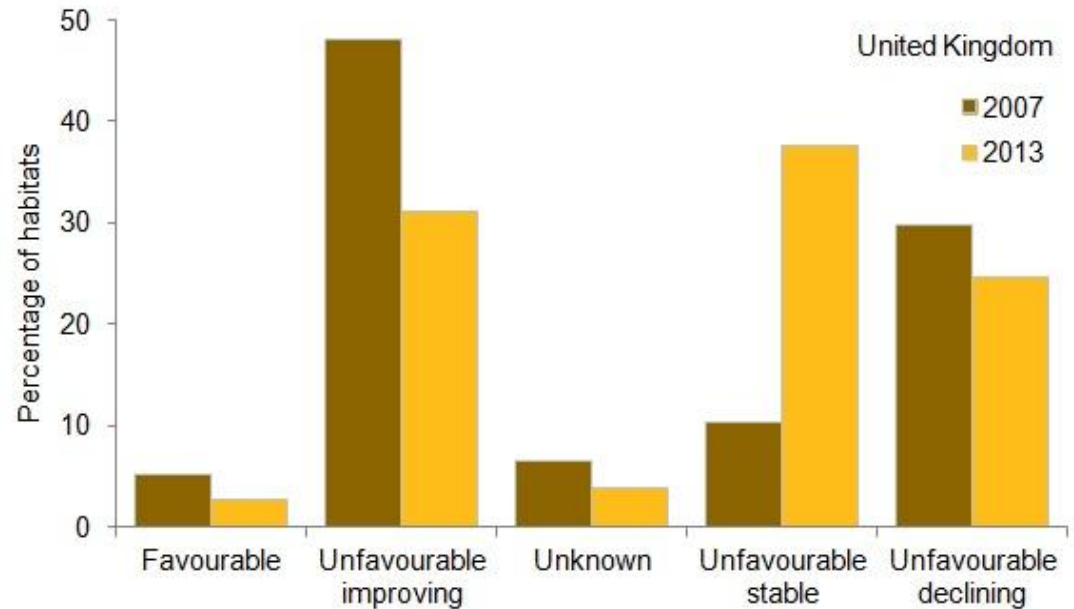
Conservation **goal** not the habitat, but the **Biodiversity** it supports.

**Historic management** was far more **variable and complex** than generic prescriptions

**Understanding biased** by shifting baselines, incomplete understanding of species priorities and requirements



# Conservation Status of UK habitats of European importance



## Favourable Condition assessment

- Crucial aspect: **linking species requirements to habitat condition** (structure, prescriptions)
- **But – how? And for which species?**

- What is 'Favourable Condition'?
- What are we managing for and what does it need?



# The Biodiversity Audit Approach

Journal of Applied Ecology



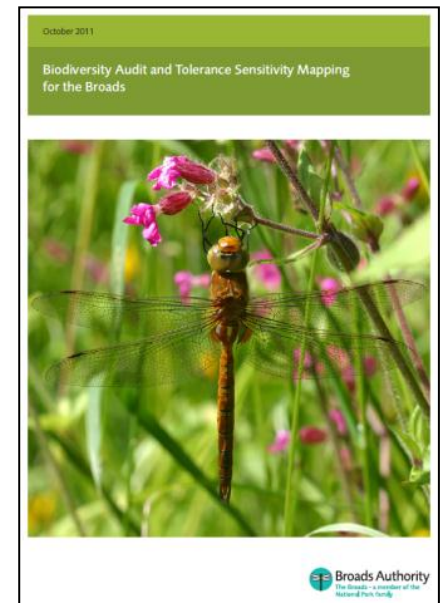
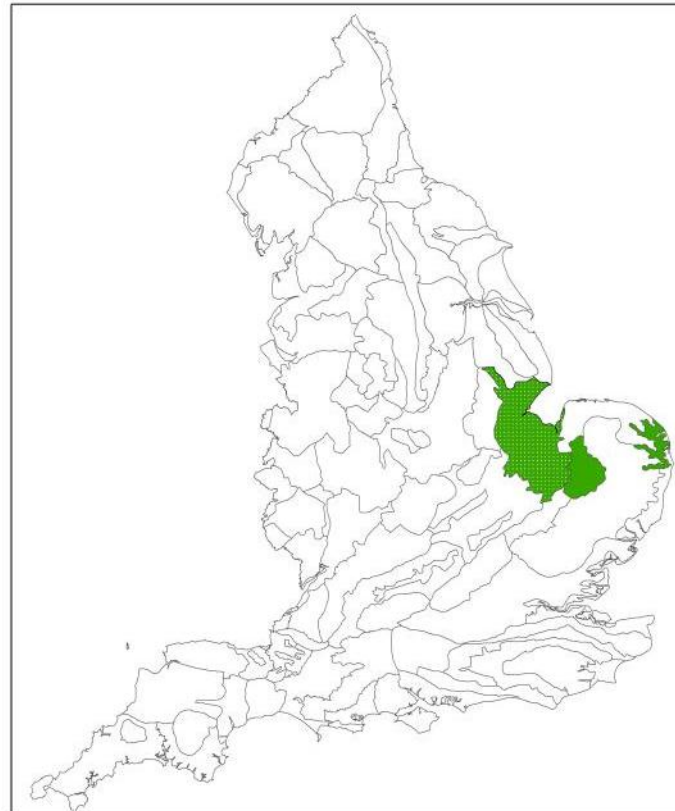
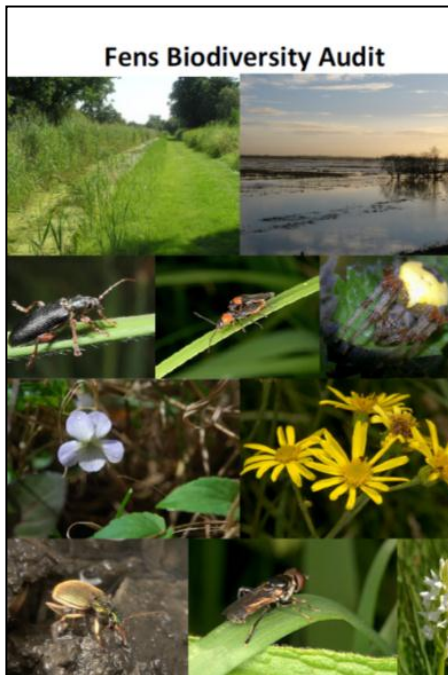
Journal of Applied Ecology 2012

doi: 10.1111/j.1365-2664.2012.02174.x

## The biodiversity audit approach challenges regional priorities and identifies a mismatch in conservation

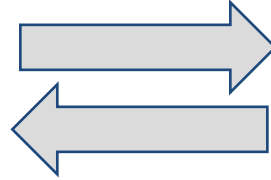
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# The Biodiversity Audit Approach

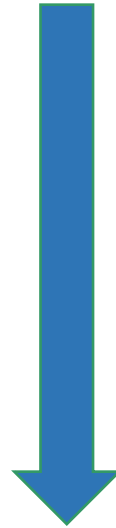
Biodiversity



Landscape

**What** biodiversity ?  
**Where** is it ?  
**How** to manage ?  
(needs for multiple taxa)

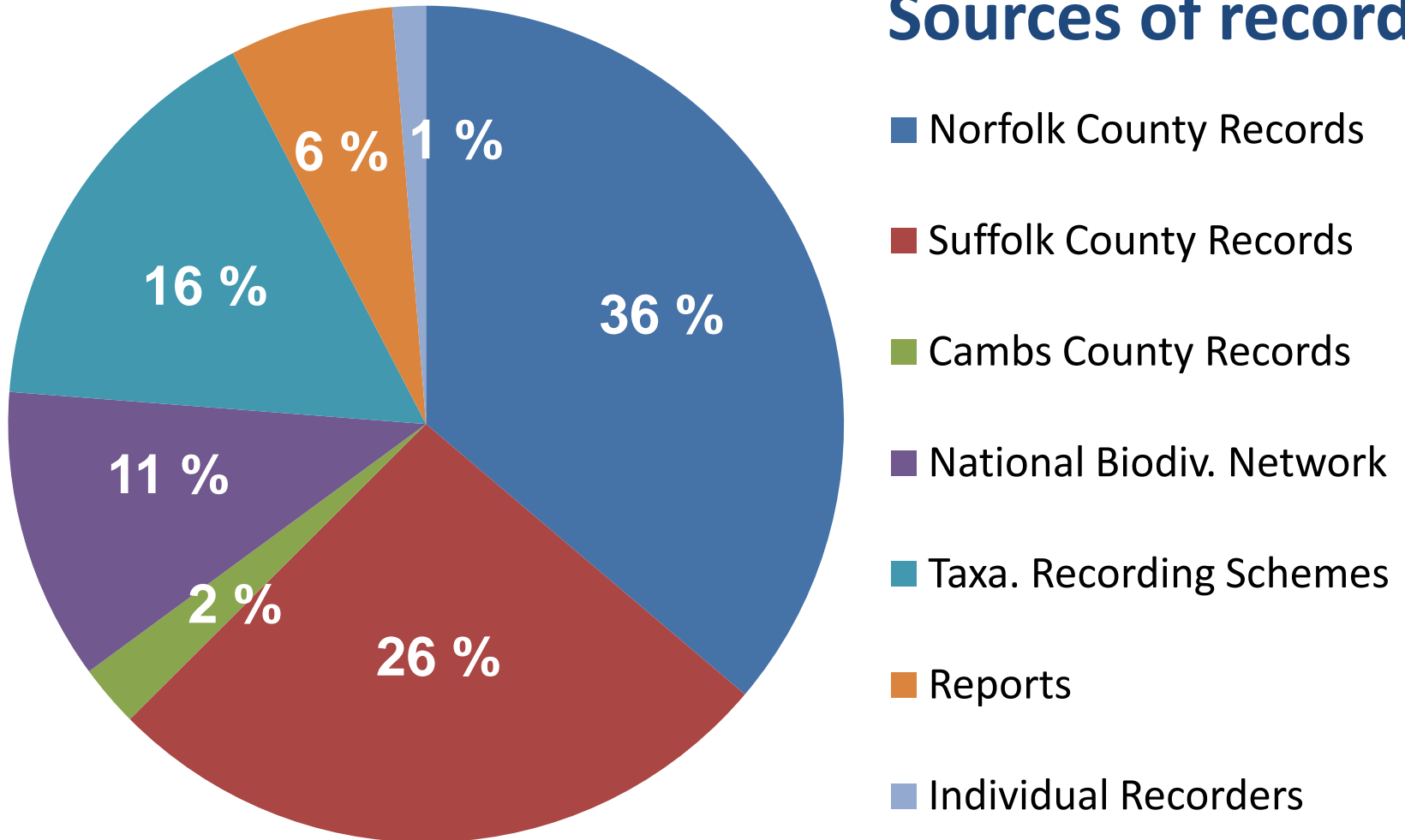
**Evidence-based**  
**Simplified** guidance  
**Spatial** targeting  
**ES-BD** trade-off



Integrated groups of species  
Cost-effective delivery

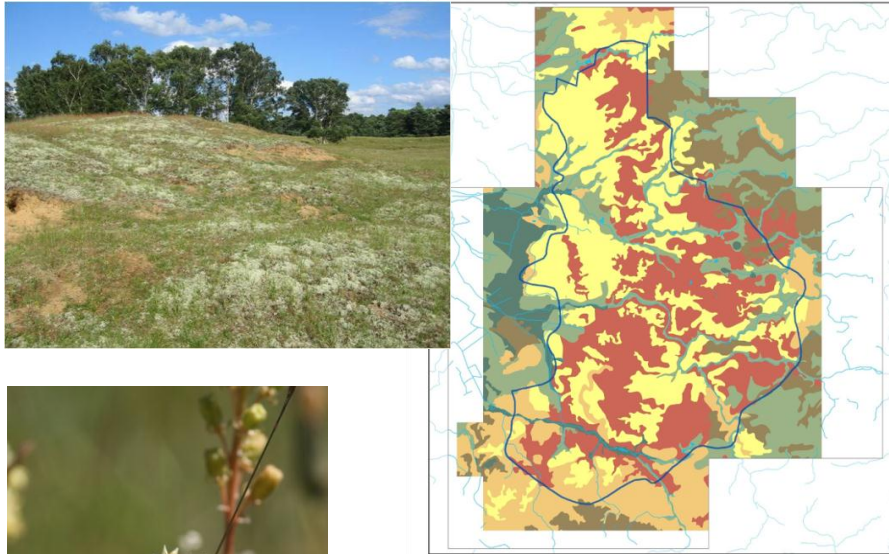
# 830,747 records

## Sources of records



# What 'Biodiversity'?

**Breckland** 1,020 km<sup>2</sup>



Well drained sandy soils  
Calcareous soils  
Dry loamy soils  
Damp loamy or clay soils  
Gleys  
Fen peat  
Water



**12,845** species

**2,149** priority  
species

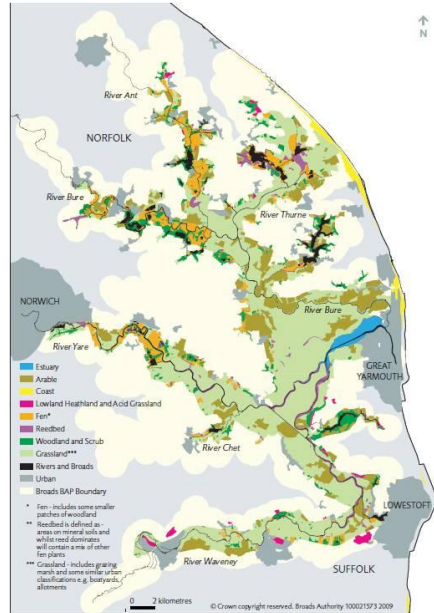
(BAP / S41, Nationally Rare,  
Regionally-restricted)

**72** regional  
specialists



# What 'Biodiversity'?

The Broads 301 km<sup>2</sup>



11,067 species

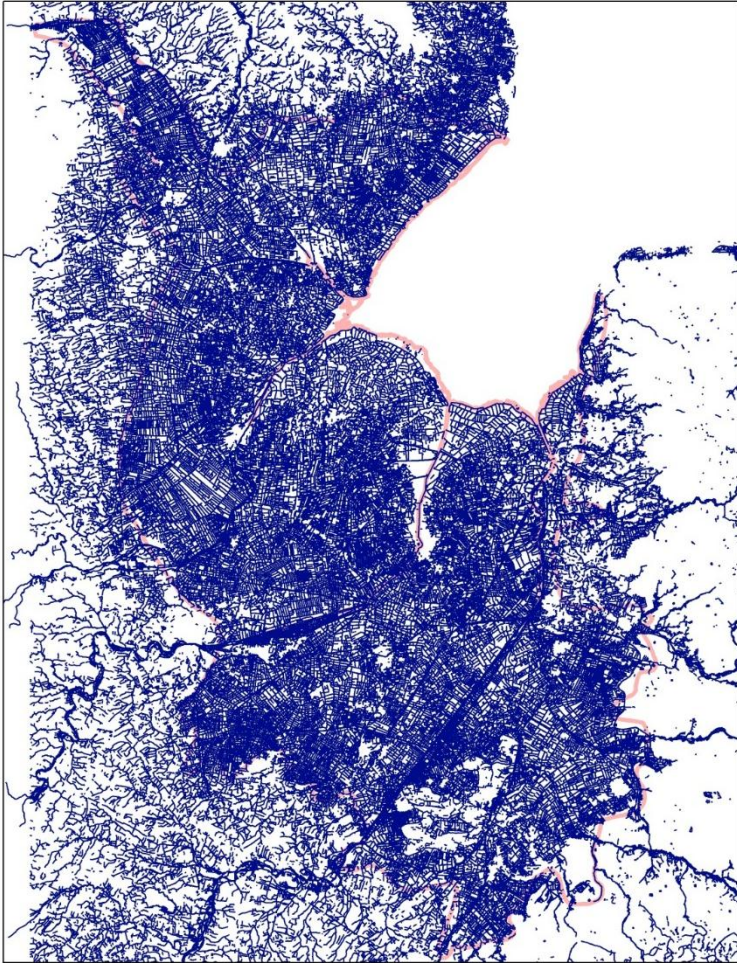
1,519 priority  
species

66 regional  
specialists



# What 'Biodiversity'?

**The Fens** 3,800 km<sup>2</sup>






**13,474** species

**1,932** priority  
species

**82** regional  
specialists

# Priority Biodiversity in the Fens

|  | Species          | Priorities |
|--|------------------|------------|
|  | Coleoptera       | 2159       |
|  | Diptera          | 2630       |
|  | Flowering plants | 1530       |
|  | Moths            | 1521       |
|  | Hemiptera        | 562        |
|  | Hymenoptera      | 569        |
|  | Spiders          | 363        |
|  | Lichens          | 305        |

**Neglected biodiversity, 'off-radar' !**

# Requirements?

## Niche, Resource, Process

- micro-habitats
- vegetation structure
- ecological processes
- potential management actions



# Evidence-based management: Breckland Pingos - shaded or open?



Wet wood: 98 (22 RDB)



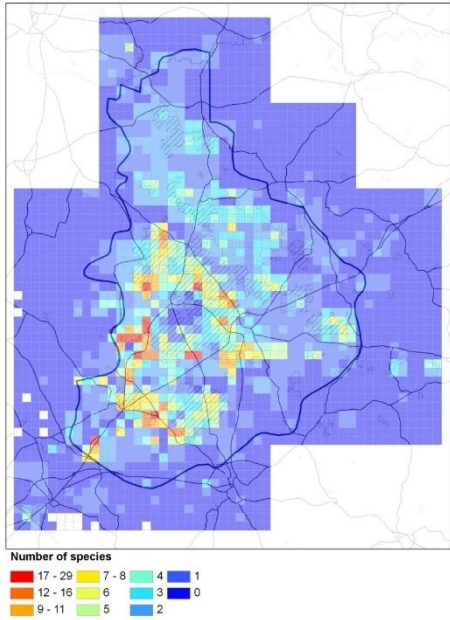
Wet open: 446 (166 RDB)

# Match & Mis-match in Management

|                         |               | OPEN<br>(e.g. arable, heath) | OPEN + SCRUB              | OPEN + WOODLAND | WOODLAND        |
|-------------------------|---------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Veteran/<br>Deadwood    |               |                              |                           | VETERAN<br>3    | VETERAN<br>48   |
|                         |               |                              | DEAD WOOD<br>27           |                 | DEAD WOOD<br>95 |
| ?Grazing<br>?Dist       |               |                              | O + S<br>23               | O + W<br>85     | WOODLAND<br>156 |
|                         | NO<br>GRAZING | NO DIST + NO GRAZING<br>54   | NO DIST + NO GRAZING<br>8 | NO GRAZING<br>3 |                 |
| PHYSICAL<br>DISTURBANCE |               | DIST + NO GRAZING<br>135     | DIST + NO GRAZING<br>9    |                 |                 |
|                         | ?             | DIST + ?GRAZING<br>76        |                           | DIST<br>9       |                 |
|                         | GRAZING       | DIST + GRAZING<br>136        | DIST + GRAZING<br>13      |                 | GRAZING<br>8    |
|                         |               | NO DIST + GRAZING<br>81      | NO DIST + GRAZING<br>2    |                 |                 |
| Grazing<br>Flux         |               | SWARD MOSAIC<br>62           | SWARD MOSAIC<br>7         |                 |                 |
| LANDSCAPE<br>COMPLEXITY |               | JUXTAPOSITION<br>54          | JUXTAPOSITION<br>7        |                 |                 |
|                         |               | WIND BLOWN SAND<br>9         |                           |                 |                 |
|                         |               | WET + OPEN + WOODLAND<br>68  |                           |                 |                 |
|                         |               | OPEN + WOODLAND<br>60        |                           |                 |                 |

# Evidence Supported 'Best Practice'

'Management': Disturbed + Grazed  
- 149 priority spp., 35 regional



# Management Mis-match: 'Best Practice' Not Widespread

£ 4.2 Million for 4 SSSI's (490 ha, 20 yr @ £430 ha<sup>-1</sup>.yr<sup>-1</sup>)



**Biodiversity Audit**



**Cost-effective, evidence based**

**SAC feature = veg composition  
= Inappropriate prescriptions**



**Priority biodiversity damaged**

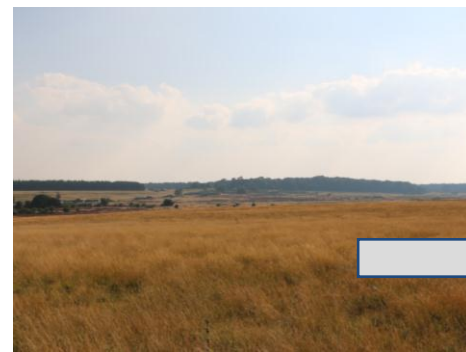
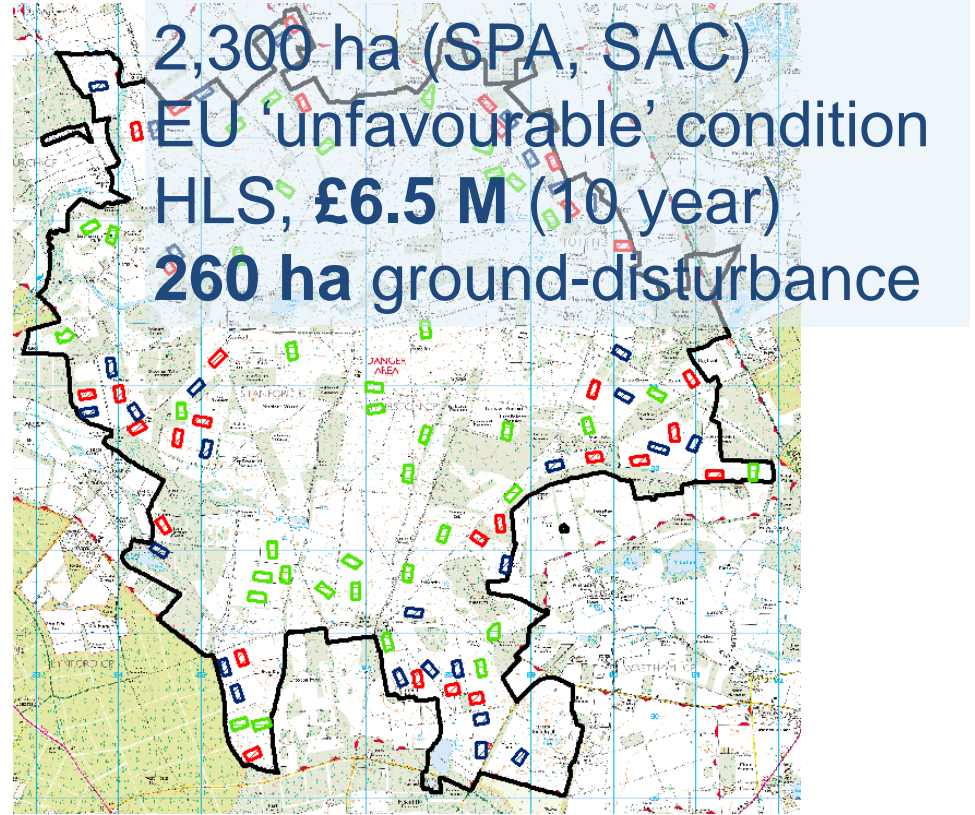
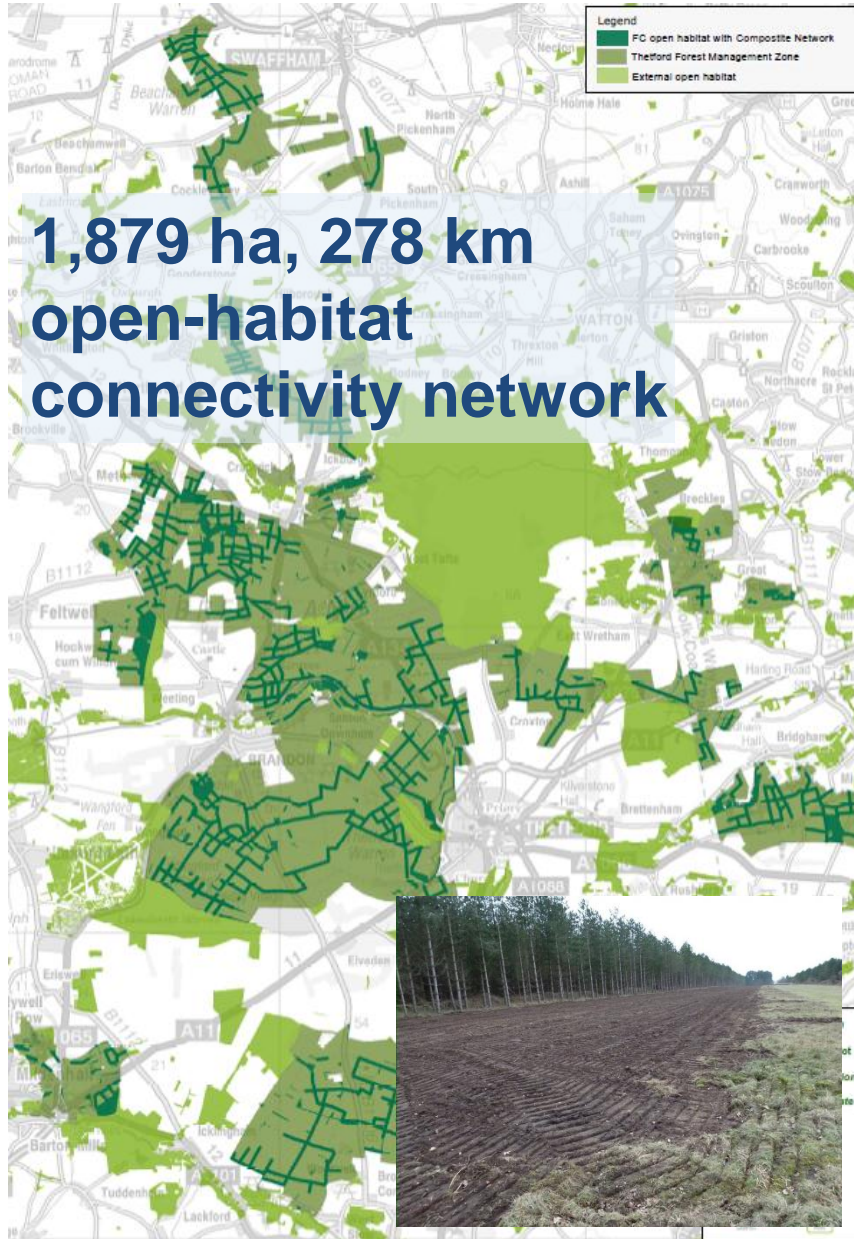


Supports **just 7%** of potential 1,237 priority terrestrial species

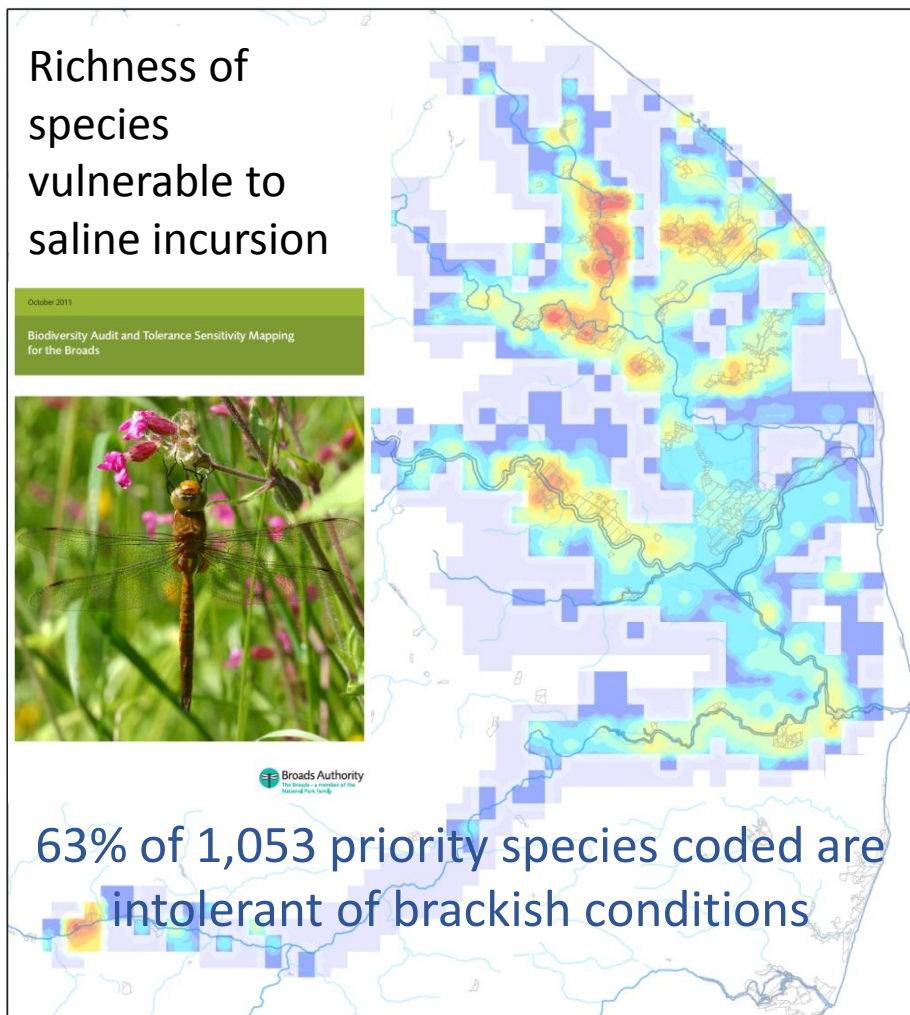




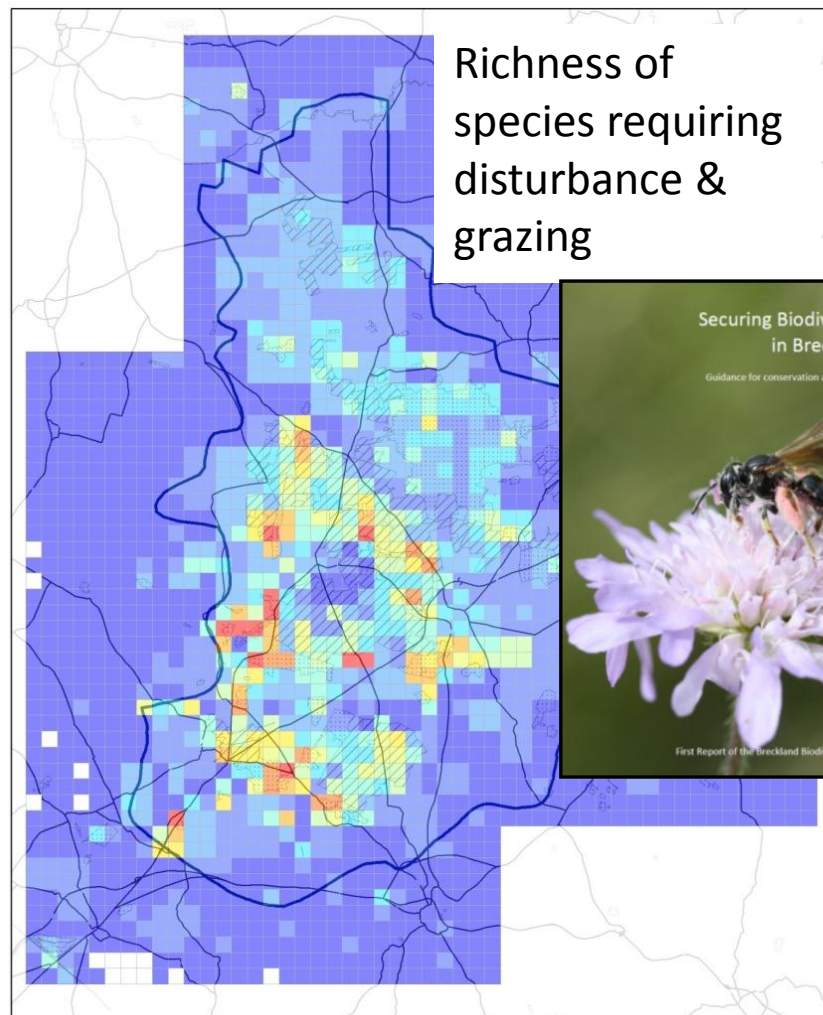
# 'Best Practice' Rolled-out



# Evidence for spatial prioritisation



## Legend



## Number of species



# The Biodiversity Audit Approach:

What species, but also...

- **Define integrated 'Management Guilds'** based on traits, ecological requirements (processes, niche)
- **Favourable condition monitoring:** integrated across multiple priority taxa
- **Evidence-base for management**
- **ERDF - Cost-effective for priority biodiversity**

# Key references:

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**Dolman**, P.M., Panter, C.J, Mossman, H.L. (2010) *Securing Biodiversity in Breckland: Guidance for Conservation and Research. First Report of the Breckland Biodiversity Audit*. School of Environmental Sciences, University of East Anglia, Norwich; December 2010. ISBN: 978-0-9567812-0-8